

IN ENGLISH

DRDO

DEFENSE RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT ORGANIZATION

(MULTI TASKING STAFF)



GENERAL AWARENESS

**500 + ONE LINER IMPORTANT
QUESTION COLLECTION**

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Important One Liner General Awareness For DRDO MTS in English

1. Which country is called the road across the Pacific Ocean - **Fiji**
2. National Nutrition Institute is located in which state - **Andhra Pradesh**
3. The Minamata epidemic was caused by- **Para (in Japan) in 1965**
4. Who was the first President to sail in India on a submarine - **Dr. A.P.J. Abdul Kalam**
5. Where did the rise of presidential rule first occur - **in America**
6. Rani Laxmibai died in- **Gwalior**
7. Where was the second capital of Chandragupta II- **Ujjain**
8. Which was the first bank of the Indian country as a whole - **Punjab National Bank**
9. When was the Life Insurance Corporation of India established on- **1 September 1956**
10. What are Stagflation - **Inflation with recession**
11. When was the Disinvestment Commission established in India - **in August 1996**
12. Nafed was established for the purpose of - **for marketing of agricultural produce**
13. The highest employment generating industry in India - **cotton textile industry**
14. Where is the headquarters of Economic and Social Commission for Asia and Pacific - **Bangkok**
15. Who controls foreign exchange in India - **Reserve Bank of India**
16. Who is called the World Bank's generous lending window - **the International Development Association**
17. Who is considered to be the forerunner of liberalization of Indian economy- **Dr. Manmohan Singh**
18. When was the Central Statistical Organization established - **in 1951**
19. Who presented the concept of cherished economic welfare in 1994 - **T. Jackson and N. Marx**
20. What is the economic growth rate - **rate of change in gross condensed product**
21. What is the economic growth rate - **rate of change up to net national product**
22. What are included in the primary sector of Indian economy - **Agriculture and Animal husbandry,**
- Forest industry and Logging, Fisheries and Mining and Quarrying**
23. What are included in the second sector of the Indian economy - **transport, communication, trade, hotels and catering, banks and insurance, real estate, ownership of housing planets and business services and other services.**
24. Which new system was implemented by the Reserve Bank of India Act 1956 - **Minimum Reserve System**
25. In which scheme the National Women's Fund was established - **in the eighth plan**
26. National Agriculture and Rural Development Bank was established on the basis of which committee's recommendation- **Sivaraman Committee**
27. In India, a rupee note is signed by- **the secretary of the Ministry of Finance**
28. Indian companies listed on the New York Stock Exchange - **ICICI Bank**
29. What are the main objectives of the Unit Trust of India - **Promoting small savings**
30. Which conference is the product of the International Monetary Fund - **Wattenwood Conference**
31. What Zero Based Budget Means- **Creating a completely fresh budget**
32. Bolt is related to - **Mumbai Stock Exchange**
33. What effect does currency devaluation have on import-export- **Imports become expensive and exports become cheaper.**
34. Who was the Minister of Finance who presented the first general budget of independent India - **R.K. K. Shanmukham Sheth**
35. What is a liberal currency - **A currency that has more supply than demand in the international market.**
36. The main forms of unemployment in India are- **structural unemployment.**
37. First Indian woman to become President of Congress- **Sarojini Naidu**
38. When did the Sifango Rebellion- **1830 (Runua Gogai) Assam**
39. Who is known as Badshah Khan- **Khan Abdulgaffar Khan (Frontier Gandhi, Simant Gandhi)**
40. The Princess of Wales visited India - **17 November 1929**
41. Who led the revolutionaries from Gorakhpur - **Gajadhar Singh**
42. Where was the first successful cotton textile mill in India - **Bombay, 1854 (Kavas ji dagar)**
43. What was Spinning Jenny- **A thread cutting machine made in 1764 by James Hargreaves.**

44. Where did the world's first underground train run - **London**
45. Who was the inventor of the printing press - **Gutenberg (Germany 1448)**
46. The oldest book printed in Japan- **Diamond Sutra (868 AD)**
47. Which was the first newspaper of India - **Bengal Gazette (in 1780 AD, James Auguston Hickey)**
48. The author of the book Ghulamgiri - **Jyotiba Phule (in 1871)**
49. Who is the author of an autobiography Amar Jeevan- **Rashsundari (1876)**
50. When was the Vernacular Press Act passed - **in 1878**
51. Who is the author of Samvad Kaumudi - **Rajaram Mohan Roy (1821)**
52. Where was the first printing press in India established - **in Goa**
53. Which country was the first to start a raid - **China**
54. Who wrote the book 'Jungle Book' - **Rudyard Kipling**
55. Who took the art of printing in China from Europe - **Marco Polo**
56. Author of India's first novel Ghar Byre- **Rabindranath Tagore**
57. Which is India's place in rice production- **Second**
58. When and where was the first cement industry - **Ranikhet in 1906**
59. What type of industries are Oil India Limited - **Joint sector**
60. What kind of industries Bajaj is- **Private sector**
61. Which city is called the electronic capital of India - **Bengaluru**
62. When and where was the first jute factory in India - **Rishra in Kolkata in 1859**
63. When was air transport nationalized - **1953**
64. There is an inter-terrestrial fluvial downfall - **Kolkata**
65. Chand Bibi fought with the Mughals to protect whose freedom - **Ahmednagar**
66. National Consumer Day of India is celebrated - **24 December**
67. The standards that determine the standard of food ingredients are- **Egg mark**
68. Which mark is known about the purity of jewellery - **Hallmark**
69. MRP written on the production means- **maximum retail price**
70. Directive elements of the state policy are checks that can be cashed conveniently - **KT Shah**
71. Mandal Commission was concerned with - **the reservation of backward castes (1979).**
72. The main feature of the Government of India Act 1935 was - **Provincial Autonomy**
73. The right to seek consultation with the Supreme Court for any law - **the President**
74. The proponents of natural selection theory are - **Darwin**
75. Mount Macile is the peak of which mountain - **Rocky Mountains (North America)**
76. Hampi is located in - **Bellary district of Karnataka.**
77. Who has inaugurated the first round table conference- **Emperor George V (chaired by Ramje McDonald)**
78. Brahmo Samaj is based on - **monotheism.**
79. The architect of the Golden Temple was- **Miyanmir / Guru Arjun Dev**
80. In which game Vijay Hazare Trophy is awarded - **in cricket**
81. The Persian translation of the Mahabharata is- **Rajjanama**
82. What is the subject matter of the Olympic torch - **hearing and dissolution**
83. What name did the Greek writers use for Chandragupta Maurya - **Santokotus and Endocotus**
84. Who is considered the second founder of the Maratha kingdom - **Bajirao I**
85. In which country are the hills named Black Hill, Bluehill and Green Hill - **United States**
86. Which part of the human body is affected in Alzheimer's disease- **brain**
87. Which plan eventually became the basis of India's independence - **Mountbatten Plan**
88. What was the language of Sangam literature- **Tamil**
89. Who was the first woman Prime Minister of the world- **Mrs. Mavo Bhandarnayake (Sri Lanka)**
90. When there is a total cost equal to total revenue, then what is the condition called - **equilibrium level point**
91. Who built the Ankorwat temple- **Suryavarman II (in Cambodia)**
92. By whom was the Navjivan news paper- **Gandhi**
93. Which state of India is known as Saffron bed - **Jammu and Kashmir**
94. Which is the most popular police station in India - **Shiprapath Police Station (Jaipur)**
95. What is called 0° longitude line - **Greenwich line**
96. Which two countries are connected by an underwater tunnel - **France and England**
97. What causes inflation - **due to increase in currency supply**
98. The term bogey is related to which sport - **Golf**
99. Founder of Missionaries of Charity was- **Mother Teresa**

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100. Which Sultan of Delhi imposed Jiziya tax- **Feroz Shah Tughlaq**
101. Who was the founder of Muslim League - **Aga Khan and Salimullah Khan (1906)**
102. Which Prime Minister had not faced the Lok Sabha- **Chaudhary Charan Singh**
103. The Chief Justice of the Supreme Court who took the oath of President - **M. Hidayatullah**
104. Who appoints the Comptroller and Auditor General of India- **President**
105. When is the Constitution of India adopted by the Constituent Assembly - **26 November 1949**
106. Which House is not headed by its member - **Rajya Sabha**
107. Which authority can participate in the proceedings of any House of Parliament - **Attorney General (Attorney General)**
108. By which amendment in the Indian Constitution, the fundamental duties of citizens have been added - **42nd (1976)**
109. When the Constitution of Jammu and Kashmir came into force - **January 26, 1957**
110. Parliament is formed- **Lok Sabha, Rajya Sabha, President**
111. To whom is the President of India submitting his resignation - **Vice President**
112. How many times a person can become President in India- **many times**
113. Who has the right to adjourn the house - **Speaker**
114. How many years are the tenure of the Deputy Chairman of Rajya Sabha - **6 years**
115. First Lok Adalat held - **in Gujarat (Union Territory - Delhi)**
116. What is the biggest single source of Indian Constitution - **Act of 1935**
117. Who recognizes political parties in India- **Election Commission**
118. How many MPs should be at least to get the recognition of a recognized opposition party in the Lok Sabha - **1/10**
119. Dongri language is the language spoken in which state of India- **Jammu Kashmir**
120. Which revolutionary died in a hunger strike in Lahore Jail in 1931 – **Jatindas**
121. Where is Salk Lake Stadium - **Kolkata**
122. In which state asbestos is highest in India - **in Jharkhand**
123. What is the Korba industry famous for - **Aluminum**
124. Which ruler was known as Kunik- **Ajatshatru**
125. Kroner is the currency of which country- **Sweden**
126. The capital of Maharaja Ranjit Singh was- **Lahore.**
127. Pune was the capital of the Maratha kingdom under - **the Peshwas.**
128. What is the second name of RDX - **Cyclonite**
129. Who is the Raghu Rajan Committee related to- **Reforms from Economic Sector**
130. EEG is used to record whose activity - **brain**
131. Where is the 'Namdhapa' National Park - **Arunachal Pradesh**
132. The complete form of CTBT - **Comprehensive test ban treaty**
133. The world's largest snake - **Anaconda**
134. Which religious book Gandhiji has called his mother - **the Bhagavad Gita**
135. E.T.A. which country's terrorist organization - **Spain**
136. Famous Places to Visit in Lucknow - **Imambada**
137. Animals in the Andes mountain region are transported - **llama**
138. Which animals are used for transport in Tibet- **Yak**
139. Lepcha is the oldest resident of which state- **Sikkim**
140. In ancient times, which city got its name based on its specific art style- **Gandhara**
141. To whom is the Dilwada temple of Mount Abu dedicated to - **Jain Tirthankar Adinath**
142. Which hormone is known as female hormone- **estrogen**
143. Tribal communities worshipping the deity Karam- **Santhal**
144. Where was the hard-soil solution of the Harappan civilization found - **Banawali**
145. Which bay is situated in the southernmost part of India - **Khambhat bay**
146. In which the speed of the processor of a computer is measured - **hertz**
147. For how long the President's Ordinance remains in force - **for 6 months**
148. Ashoka the Great adopted Buddhism after being influenced by which Buddhist monk- **Upagupta**
149. Which Britis had accepted that the rebellion of 1857 was a national uprising- **Disraeli**
150. The bark of which tree is used as a spice- **Dal Chini**
151. Which part turns into elephant's elephant - **the second rodent**
152. The elements used to vulcanise rubber are- **sulfur.**
153. Radons are excellent gases used for the treatment of - **cancer.**
154. Which states are irrigated by Rihand dam project - **Uttar Pradesh and Bihar**
155. Which plant is called Indian Indian doctor- **Amla**
156. Who is appointed by the District Judges in the state- **Governor**

157. Which are the highest peaks of South India - **Anaimudi**
158. Alexander invaded India - **326 BC**
159. Googly is related to which game - **cricket**
160. Melting point of plastic is - **47⁰ C**
161. Under which Article in Indian Constitution untouchability has been abolished - **Article 17**
162. In which Article the duties are given in the Constitution - **Article. 51 A**
163. Under which article the right to property is removed from the Fundamental Rights, under which Article - **Article. 300 A**
164. How many anna to come in the old one rupee - **16**
165. Pyrometers are used for high- **temperature**
166. Working principle of rocket is - **Protection of linear momentum.**
167. Who is the author of the book Good Earth - **Pearl as Buck**
168. Who first used the word Hindu - **Arab people**
169. In the Aryan period, by what name was the king called - **Rajan**
170. The law giver of ancient India is considered to be- **Manu**
171. Where is Asato Ma Sadgamaya from - **the Rigveda**
172. To whom is the word Ashtakarni related - **to cow**
173. The greatest Upanishads are - **Brihadaranyak**
174. The closest disciple of Mahatma Buddha was- **Anand**
175. Saundaranand is the author of the book- **Ashwaghosh**
176. In whose court was Kalidas- **Chandragupta Vikramaditya**
177. Which ruler had given his surname Shiladitya - **Harsha vardhana**
178. When was the Second War of Tarain - **1192 AD**
179. The second most spoken language in India are- **Bangla, Telugu, Marathi and Tamil.**
180. Who was the first nationalist poet of India- **Maithli Sharan Gupta**
181. In which language is the Ramcharit Manas written - **in awadhi**
182. Which ports in India have been declared free trade zones - **Kandla (Gujarat)**
183. Where are the oldest artificial ports - **Chennai**
184. Which state has the highest raw road in India - **Odisha**
185. Where is the Air Force Military Academy - **Dehradun**
186. Where is Indian Naval Academy located- **in Cochin**
187. When did DTH service start in India - **2004**
188. Where are the largest icebergs on Earth- **Antarctica**
189. Railway Board was formed during which period- **Lord Curzon**
190. When was the subsidiary treaty introduced - **1798 (by Lord Wellesley)**
191. What are the languages of the songs of Kathakali - **Malayalam**
192. Against whom did Gandhiji return the title of Saffron-Hind- **Jallianwala Bagh scandal**
193. Which river is known as Adravaganga - **Kaveri River**
194. Which river is called the lifeline of Gujarat- **Narmada**
195. Nagoya subcontinent is related to- **Biodiversity**
196. In how many chambers is the human heart divided into four
197. Name the sea whose boundaries touch three continents - **Geo-Central Sea**
198. Hormul Strait Kisan separates two countries - **Oman and Iran**
199. The world's only Plavi National Park is located in **Manipur**
200. The origin of the river Indus is from the Kailash ranges (Tibet)
201. What is the other name of the program in India - **New Agricultural Policy**
202. India's top position in sesame production - **India's**
203. Samudra Samir is made - **at night**
204. What is the land between two rivers- **Doab**
205. What is the type of region with maximum biodiversity - **equatorial**
206. With whom is the sudden flood related to the cyclonic storm?
207. From which European power did Shivaji obtain Topi and ammunition - **Portuguese**
208. Who is credited with the destruction of Chihalgani, a group of powerful Samato- **Balban.**
209. Analectus whose sacred texts are - **Confucianism (of Confucian religion)**
210. Manmohan Singh was the first Prime Minister to visit **Siachen**
211. Who had given Prayag Nagar as Allahabad - the name of the city of Allah - **Akbar**
212. Whose book was surgery used in ancient India- **Sushruta**
213. Which gods are worshiped in the womb of Badrinath and Kedarnath temples - **Vishnu and Shiva**
214. Gandhi period in Indian history is - **1920-1947**
215. A Member of Parliament shall lose his membership in Parliament if he is continuously absent from sessions - **up to 60 days**

216. Who is the first law officer of the Government of India - **Attorney General of India**
217. Who is called the prince of pilgrims - **Hensang**
218. According to Article 124 of the Constitution, whose system is - **the Supreme Court**
219. Which city of Manchester is called - **Ahmedabad**
220. Who is called Manchester of South India - **Coimbatore (Tamil Nadu), Manchester of North India - Kanpur**
221. When was the Ministry of Human Resource Development formed - **in 1985**
222. What is Sulabh International - **is an NGO manufacturing toilets.**
223. East India Company sent two messengers to Jahangir's court - **Hawkins / Tomas Row**
224. The second Taj Mahal is called - **Tomb of Etmad Utdola (Uttar Pradesh)**
225. Moti Masjid of Lal Qila of Agra was built - **Shah Jahan**
226. Who built the Red Fort of Delhi - **Shah Jahan**
227. Who built the Red Fort of Agra - **Akbar**
228. Which singing style is considered the birth giver of rich Khusras - **Qawwali**
229. Who built the great Silk Road for Indians - **Kanishka**
230. Which dynasty was Ashoka - **Maurya dynasty**
231. Which celestial body is called the Queen of the Night - **Moon**
232. Where are the coffee ports - **Centos (Brazil)**
233. Mahe situated on western Ghats is part of - **Pondicherry**
234. Most spoken language community - **Indo-European**
235. Energy flowing in telephone line is - **Sound energy**
236. When and where did Kasturba Gandhi die - **in Aga Khan palace (Poona) on 22 February 1944**
237. The only President of India who was elected unopposed - **Neelam Sanjeeva Reddy**
238. Who is famous as the saint of Gutter - **Baba Amte (Maharashtra)**
239. Who was the officer of Shivaji - **Shambhaji**
240. Who is considered the author of ancient Hindu law - **Manu**
241. Who built the Vijay Stambh in Chittorgarh - **Rana Kumbha**
242. Who founded the Servants of India Society - **Gopal Krishna Gokhale**
243. According to the Constitution of India, the executive powers of the Union are vested in - **President**
244. The world's largest irrigation canal - **Indira Gandhi Canal**
245. First general elections were held in India - **1951-52**
246. Tribal tribe Sahariya belongs to which state - **Rajasthan**
247. Famous news agency Antara belongs to which country - **Indonesia**
248. Tashkent city where Lal Bahadur Shastri died is the capital of which country - **Uzbekistan (1966)**
249. Taslima Nasreen, author of the book Lajja and Dwikhandita, is a citizen of which country - **Bangladesh**
250. Who wrote the Preamble to the Indian Constitution - **Jawaharlal Nehru**
251. Ikebana is related to Japanese art - **plant composition**
252. Which monsoon receives the most rainfall in India - **Southwest monsoon**
253. Which Hinduism is believed to be the lawmaker - **Manu**
254. With whom is the name Ranchod associated with the name - **Mourari Dasai**
255. Yamini Krishna idol is the dance of which dance - **Kuchipudi, Bharatanatyam**
256. Rawataram of Rewari was born when - **9 December 1825 (died - 23 September 1863 AD)**
257. Where is the tomb of Khwaja in Haryana - **Sonipat (1522-24) under the rule of Ibrahim Lodhi**
258. The key to the Constitution was called - **Preamble**
259. In which part of Fundamental Rights are - **Part 3**
260. Directive elements of the policy are in which part of the Constitution - **Part 4, Emergency provisions - Part 18**
261. In which part are citizenship - **Part 2, Constitution amendment-Part 20**
262. The Supreme Commander of all the three armies is - **President**
263. 11th fundamental task is - **to provide primary education by parents for 6 to 14 years old children.**
264. SAARC member countries are - **India, Pakistan, Bangladesh, Bhutan, Maldives, Nepal, Sri Lanka, Afghanistan.**
265. Maximum number of members of Rajya Sabha can be - **250, Maximum of Lok Sabha - 552**
266. In 1498, with whose help Vasco de Gama traveled to Calicut - **Abdul Manid**
267. Calicut port which reached Vasco da Gama in 1498 is in which state of India - **Kerala**
268. At what place did the Portuguese establish their first fort in India in 1503 AD - **Cochin**
269. Who was the first Portuguese Viceroy in India - **Almeida (1505-1509)**

270. Which Viceroy is credited with establishing the Portuguese state in India- **Francisco de Albuquerque**
271. Sri Harikota artificial geostationary launch center has now been renamed - **Satish Dhawan Space Center**
272. Where are Central Tobacco Research Institutes located- **located in Rajahmundry (Andhra Pradesh)**
273. In what year did the Portuguese make Goa the capital of their Indian state - **in 1510 AD**
274. Who is called the Indian financial capital- **Mumbai**
275. Ancient ports of India- **Lothal (Gujarat)**
276. Where is National Defense Academy located- **Kharagwasla (Maharashtra)**
277. Where can the resolution to remove the Vice President of India be proposed- **Rajya Sabha**
278. By which constitutional amendment the 9th schedule was added to the constitution - **by the first amendment in 1951**
279. When did Montague Chelmsford reform come into force in India - **1919 (Government of India Act)**
280. National Sports Day is celebrated on which day - **29 August (Major Dhyanchand's Birthday)**
281. Who is the author of the book 'Cricket My Style' - **Kapil Dev (Haryana Hurricane)**
282. How far the penalty stroke is hit - **8 yards**
283. Which era in India is called classical era - **Gupta period**
284. Who prepared the blueprint of Taj Mahal- **Ostad Isha (1648 AD)**
285. Aung tribe belongs to which state- **Odisha**
286. Who was the Prime Minister of England when India became independent - **Clement Attlee**
287. Who installed the huge statue of Gomateshwara at Shravanabelagola - **Chamundaraj**
288. Birju Maharaj belongs to which region - **Nrityakar (Kathak)**
289. Where is Nanda Devi Shikhar located- **Uttarakhand**
290. Lakshmi Bai National Physical Education College - **Gwalior**
291. Where Khyber Pass is located - **Pakistan, Nathula Pass - Sikkim, Bomdila Pass - Arunachal Pradesh**
292. The population of Scheduled Tribes is the highest - **Madhya Pradesh**
293. Which state has the highest in terms of population percentage of scheduled tribes - **Mizoram**
294. Which state's border touches the boundaries of maximum states- **Uttar Pradesh (8 states)**
295. Which scientist has received the Nobel Prize twice - **Madame Curie**
296. World Food Day is celebrated on - **16 October**
297. Medulla oblongata is part of which part of human- **brain**
298. The title of Kesar-e-Hind was given to Queen Victoria during the period of which Viceroy - **Lord Litton**
299. Ranchi Nagar is situated on which plateau - **on Chota Nagpur Plateau**
300. Where is India's oldest oil refinery located - **Digboi**
301. Where is National Yak Research located- **Dirang (in Arunachal Pradesh)**
302. Who is the author of the book named A House for Mr. Biswas - **V.S. Naipal**
303. Who started the newspaper Somprakash- **Ishwar Chandra Vidyasagar**
304. Who was the Lok Sabha speaker who later became the President of India- **Neelam Sanjeeva Reddy (unopposed)**
305. The Konkan railway route passes through which mountain range - **Western Ghats**
306. Lady Ratan Tata Trophy is related to which game - **Hockey**
307. Which gas is used to cook green fruits artificially - **ethylene**
308. Which commission is called the Magna Carta of Indian Education- **Wood Dispatch (1854)**
309. Sun City is located in- **South Africa**
310. Where is the Kimberley Diamond Mine located- **in South Africa**
311. In which state of India is the Hatti gold mine located - **in Karnataka**
312. Who is called green gold - **tea**
313. Used in making mirrors - **silver nitrate**
314. Who introduced the theory of economic runoff of India during British imperialism- **Dada Bhai Naoroji**
315. Another name of the World Bank is- **International Bank for Reconstruction and Development.**
316. The main harmful gas released by automobile vehicles which causes air pollution - **carbon monoxide**
317. During whose reign the right to property was removed from the list of Fundamental Rights - **Morarji Desai (1978)**
318. Where is Hauz Khas located- **Delhi**
319. Karl Marx was a resident of which country - **Germany**
320. Onam is the folk festival of which state - **Kerala, Pongal - Tamil Nadu**
321. What is Ginger- **Stem, Onion-Stem, Potato- Stem, Radish- Root, Turmeric- Stem**
322. Where is the headquarters of the National Swayamsevak Sangh - **in Nagpur**

323. Where is the headquarters of the Reserve Bank in India - **in Mumbai**
324. How many judges are there in the International Court of Justice - **15**
325. In which country is the Gobi desert - **Mongolia**
326. Motorola is the telecommunications equipment manufacturer of which country - **America**
327. The first person to be known as Field Marshal and Sam Bahadur in the country- **Harmusji Frame ji, Jamsetji Sam Manekshan**
328. Who has written the famous book Das Capital- **Karl Marx**
329. Where was the first train in the world run in 1825 AD - **Stockholm (Darlington)**
330. Who murdered William Curzon Wylie- **Madanlal Dhingra**
331. When and where William Curzon Wylie was killed - **1 July 1909 (in London)**
332. Who is called the father of Indian dissatisfaction- **Bal Gangadhar Tilak**
333. Who was the Viceroy of India when the Congress was founded - **Dufferin**
334. Who founded India House in London in 1905- **Shyamji Krishna Varma**
335. Which English officer was shot by Mangal Pandey - **General Neil and Hughson (29 March 1857)**
336. Which leader of the revolt of 1857 was named Dhodupant - **Nana Sahib**
337. Who was the Governor of Bengal during the Battle of Plassey- **Drake**
338. Who became the last Nawab of Bengal - **Mubarikdaula**
339. Which writer wrote Andher Nagari Chapet Raja - **Bharatendu Harishchandra**
340. Where did Vinoba Bhave start the personal Satyagraha in 1940 - **in Pawanar, Maharashtra**
341. National Development Council includes - **Chief Ministers of all states**
342. Who are the inventors of the atomic bomb- **otto Hahn**
343. Who is the Chairman of National Development Council - **Prime Minister**
344. Who was the founder of independent Sikh state - **Maharaja Ranjit Singh**
345. Martin Luther King was related to which country - **America**
346. Central Building Research Institute is located in - **Rudki (Uttarakhand)**
347. Which city of India is known as Space City - **Bengaluru**
348. Lonar lakes are present- **Maharashtra, Sambhar lake- Rajasthan, Pulicat lake- Tamil Nadu, Loktak lake- Manipur**
349. Which continent has the highest population of primitive tribes - **Africa**
350. In which year the International Date Line has been determined - **in 1841**
351. Which instrument is used to measure the direction and speed of clouds - **Nephometer**
352. What is the number of states along the coast line in India- **9**
353. Pipli Ghat Pass is located in which mountainous part of India - **Aravali**
354. Which state has the highest production of salt in India - **Gujarat**
355. The red color of red clay is due to the presence of - **iron oxide**
356. Which mineral is known as black glass or plumbago - **graphite**
357. The most producing state of tendu plants in India is - **Madhya Pradesh**
358. Which and where are the lakes inside the lake- **Melitu (in Canada)**
359. Which are the largest lakes in the world - **Caspian Sea**
360. In which place did Mahatma Buddha give his first sermon as a Dharmachakra enforcement - **Sarnath**
361. Who built the Babri Masjid in Ayodhya - **Mir Banki (Babar's general)**
362. Elected President of Indian National Congress thrice - **Dada Bhai Naoroji**
363. In which year Subhash Chandra Bose left India - **1941**
364. TV remote control units - **radio waves**
365. Which language is used in Indian Parliament - **Hindi and English**
366. There are organizations for disciplining the behavior of stock markets in India- **Securities and Exchange Board of India (AD)**
367. Where is the shrine of Sheikh Salim Chishti located - **Fatehpur Sikri**
368. The most prominent Sufi shrine in India is - **Ajmer**
369. Who goes to the father of medicine - **Dipokrates**
370. Which anti-tank weapon of India is- **Nag**
371. Which minerals are necessary for controlling heartbeat- **Sodium**
372. Which was the first permanent residence of the Aryans in India - **Punjab**
373. MODVAT Whose name is- **a tax on production**

374. Which one era is also known as Chalcolithic era - **Tamrapolithic era**
375. Which scientist has changed the erosion cycle - **pack (throw)**
376. Who were the explorers of Saturn's rings - **Galileans**
377. **Yamuna** is the longest tributary of India.
378. Which is the longest tributary of the world - **Medira (of Amazon)**
379. India's longest coastline - **Marina Beach (Chennai)**
380. Which is the highest pass - **Karakoram**
381. Biggest Sea - **South China Sea**
382. The country with the longest border is- **Canada.**
383. The country with the shortest border is - **Gibraltar**
384. World's largest waterfall - **Guaira (Elta Parana River)**
385. Largest bay - **Gulf of Mexico**
386. Father of Indian space program - **Dr. To Vikram Sarabhai**
387. Where is Vikram Sara Bhai Space Center- **Thiruvananthapuram**
388. What is the Northern Government - **the wide plain plain along the Bay of Bengal**
389. Bomdila Pass is in which state of India - **Arunachal Pradesh**
390. Ranikhet disease is related to- **birds**
391. Where are the hills of Shevarai and Javedi located - **Eastern Ghats**
392. Where is Harmandir Sahib Gurdwara located- **Amritsar**
393. Which acid is found in ant sting- **formic**
394. In which Article of the Constitution various inequalities were banned - **Article 15**
395. First unmanned Indian aircraft - **Lakshya**
396. The laws of feral are related to the direction of- **the winds.**
397. Monsoon comes first in- **Kerala**
398. Vitamin A Accumulated in- **liver**
399. Where is the famous Haji Ali Dargah located - **Mumbai**
400. Where do weapon missiles kill - **air to air**
401. Who administered the oath to other judges of the Supreme Court - **Chief Justice of the Supreme Court**
402. Which lake forms the international border between Tanzania and Uganda - **Lake Victoria (for the most part in Tanzania)**
403. Carnetite is the ore of - **uranium**
404. Laba in Gujarat is famous for - **Wind power plant**
405. Who had declared himself as Alexander A. Sani - **Alauddin Khilji**
406. Orange revolution belongs to which country - **Ukraine**
407. The chemical name of common salt is- **sodium chloride.**
408. In which animal the skin is a respiratory organ- **Frog**
409. Which vitamin is removed by washing the peeled vegetables- **Vitamin C**
410. International date line - **180° longitude**
411. Which disease is caused due to deficiency of Vitamin B6- **Anaemia**
412. Which metals are extracted from sea water- **Magnesium**
413. The origin of the Chambal river is- **the Janapava Hills.**
414. Who is called elephant grass - **Napier grass**
415. Who is known as a meritorious theory- **Lenin**
416. Who is the author of the book named A minister and his Responsibilities - **morarji desai**
417. Where is the world's largest library - **Washington**
418. Where is India's largest library - **Kolkata**
419. Which Indian Governor General has Rajaji visited - **Raj Gopalachari**
420. When is Engineers Day celebrated in India - **on 15 September (Dr. Visvesvaraya)**
421. Pt. Bhimsen Joshi is related to which Gharana - **Kirana Gharana (Uttar Pradesh), related to classical music**
422. Tetanus is caused by- **bacteria.**
423. Which vitamin helps in healing wounds - **Vitamin C**
424. Which animal's respiratory organ has clogs- **oyster**
425. Who makes blood in the body - **red bone marrow**
426. Mid Day Mill Scheme was launched by which ministry - **by Ministry of Human Resource Development (1995)**
427. Kimano is the national dress of which country - **Japan**
428. The first English President of the Congress was- **George Yule**
429. Who gives the amount of grants for different states- **Parliament**
430. Where is the most powerful muscle in humans - **in jaws**
431. There was a Council of Ministers called Ashtapradhan in- **Maratha administration**
432. Chinese dynasty manufacturer Xi Huang Ti was of which dynasty - **Chin**
433. What are considered as major risks for India's banks and financial institutions - **liquidity risk**
434. Who was the Deputy Chairman of the First Planning Commission - **Gulzari Lal Nanda**
435. Who is the President of India - **President**

436. How a rainbow is formed - **due to the reflection and scattering of light**
437. Which part of the eye is donated in the eye donation - **Cornea**
438. Which country emerged as a bread basket in the beginning - **America**
439. The Unpacian Plateau is in which country - **America**
440. 'Grow a lot of wheat, wheat will win the battle', which President of America said these words- **Woodrow Wilson**
441. English with which country did opium trade - **China**
442. When was the first ODI played - **in 1971 (England and Australia)**
443. Which right protects all rights - **right to constitutional remedies**
444. Mahavat is called the rain of which season - **winter season**
445. Masinram is famous for which caves- **Stalagmite and Stalactite**
446. When was the Animal Protection Act implemented in India - **in 1972**
447. How much is the approved calorie requirement of one day in rural areas in India - **2400 calories, urban - 2100 calories**
448. When did the grain work for national work begin - **1993**
449. The Chief Minister of which state was initially called the 'Sadre Princely State' - **Jammu Kashmir**
450. When was the National Rural Employment Guarantee Act passed - **2005**
451. Who stores buffer stock in India - **Food Corporation of India**
452. A special postage stamp was issued in the name of Wheat Revolution - **in 1968.**
453. From which year the Government of India has been adopting the policy of liberalization, privatization and globalization - **1991**
454. The first steel plant in India - **Jamshedpur**
455. Which state of India has the highest border with Bangladesh - **Pt Bengal**
456. There seems to be more border with Nepal- **Bihar**
457. The highest border with Myanmar seems to be - **Mizoram**
458. The highest border with Bhutan appears to be- **Assam**
459. Highest border with Afghanistan appears- **Jammu Kashmir**
460. How many states in India whose borders touch three neighboring countries - **4**
461. How many Indian states whose border touches any one neighboring country - **10**
462. Tripura is surrounded by Bangladesh on three sides.
463. The closest sea country of India is- **Sri Lanka.**
464. The westernmost point of India - **Narayan Sarovar near Dwarka, Guhar Moti (Bhuj) in Gujarat.**
465. Which city produces perfume in India the most - **Ullas Nagar (Maharashtra)**
466. Under which Article the Supreme Court has the right to reconsider its earlier decision- **Article 137**
467. Who is called the rampart of the defense of personal liberty - **prisoner-corpus**
468. Which judge has the longest tenure- **Y. K. Chandrachud Singh (1978-85)**
469. Who conducted the Congress radios in Quit India Movement- **Usha Mehta**
470. What was the main occupation of the community known as 'Pani' in the Vedic period - **trade**
471. The Chola king was generally the guardian of which faith - **Shaivismat**
472. Which wind system is rainy in winter in India - **Western disturbance**
473. Sharda Act was enacted to remove which social evil- **Child marriage**
474. In which state of India, Urdu has been conferred the first official language status - **Jammu Kashmir**
475. Who is the ex-officio member of the Delimitation Commission - **Chief Election Commissioner**
476. Any tax which is not mentioned in- **the Indian Constitution**
477. who has the right to impose and collect it - **Central Government**
478. Lal Bahadur Shastri died in Tashkent - **1966**
479. Name of Pet Cash is related to which game - **from tennis**
480. The use of the word Nibalik is related to which sport - **Golf**
481. What was the name of the first cricket world cup - **the presidential cup**
482. Chase, Freejo and Pon glossaries are related to which game - **Kho-kho**
483. On whom was Swami Vivekananda's teachings based on- **Vedanta**
484. The author of a book called 'Utopia' - **Sir Tomas Moore**
485. Who has vested the residual powers of the Constitution of India - **in Parliament**
486. On May 6, 1861, which great leader of India has his birthday - **Pt. Motilal Nehru**
487. High Court of Madhya Pradesh is located in - **Jabalpur**
488. Where is the worship of Ravana in Madhya Pradesh - **Khanpur village in Mandsaur**

489. Which Mughal emperor ended the 'Sijda system' -
Shah Jahan
490. Who said that "waste of foreign clothes is the best deal with them" - **Mahatma Gandhi**
491. In which jail is the famous revolutionary Ramprasad Bismil hanged - **in Gorakhpur jail**
492. Who sent Hensang as an envoy to the court of Harsha - **Taisung**
493. Who is the head of the National Security Council -
Prime Minister
494. Parts of 'Horn of Africa' - **Somalia, Ethiopia and Djibouti**
495. The highest rainfall occurs on the Coromandel Coast - **north-east monsoon**
496. G.Wabd is an organization of companies of which field- **Information Technology**
497. What is the capital of Mauritius- **Jasiruddin**
498. Sitara Devi is related to which form of dance -
Kathak
499. Index measuring the average price of consumer goods and services purchased by households -
Consumer Price Index
500. How much time is given to the Rajya Sabha for passing the Money Bill - **14 days**
501. Which state has the maximum number of branches of public sector commercial banks - **in Uttar Pradesh**
502. Who wrote a book called 'Philosophic ZoologyQ' -
Jean Baptiste Lamarck